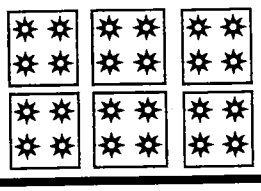
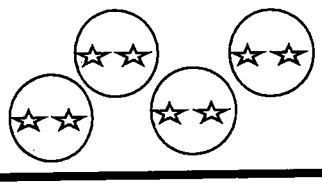
Name: Weekly Math Review - Q1:2 Date:

Wednesday	Thursday	Monday	Tuesday
Find the product. 18 x 342=	Find the product. 88 x 664=	Find the product. 43 x 823=	Find the product. 98 x 920=
Find the quotient. **13) 325**	Find the quotient. **14) 1162**	Find the quotient. **9) 549**	Find the quotient. **15) 1005**
Find the sum. 4.22 + 8.13	Find the sum. 92.9 + 9.2	Find the sum. 199.13 + 75.2=	Find the sum. 55.14 + 7.82=
Find the difference. 98.19 – 14.03	Find the difference. 64.09 – 8.8=	Find the difference. 29.9 – 18.82=	Find the difference. 75.11 – 4.4=
Simplify each fraction. $\frac{8}{10}$ $\frac{2}{8}$	Simplify each fraction. $\frac{7}{21}$ $\frac{3}{12}$	Simplify each fraction. $\frac{6}{10}$ $\frac{9}{21}$	Simplify each fraction. $\frac{5}{20}$ $\frac{3}{24}$
Find the Product. 7 x 7= 7 x 9= 7 x 3= 7 x 6= 7 x 12= 7 x 11=	Find the Product. 9 x 7= 9 x 9= 9 x 3= 9 x 6= 9 x 12= 9 x 11=	Find the Product. 8 x 7= 8 x 9= 8 x 3= 8 x 6= 8 x 12= 8 x 11=	Find the Product. 12 x 7= 12 x 9= 12 x 3= 12 x 6= 12 x 12= 12 x 11=
List 5 multiples of. **2:** **4:** **6:**	List 5 multiples of. **3:** **5:** **7:**	List 5 multiples of. **8:** **9:** **10:**	List 5 multiples of. **15:** **22:** **30:**
List the factors of. **36:** **7:**	List the factors of. **9:** **33:**	List the factors of. **41:** **50:**	List the factors of. **12:** **30:**
Solve. $8^2 + 3(36 \div 6) - 2$	Add parenthesis to the expression below to = 7. **7 – 3 x 2 + 6**	Solve. $300 - 7[4(3 + 5)] + 3^3$	Write two expressions where the solution is **28**.
What multiplication and division problem does this model represent? 	What multiplication and division problem does this model represent? 	Draw a model to represent the following problem. **12 x 6**	Draw a model to represent the following problem. **42 ÷ 7**

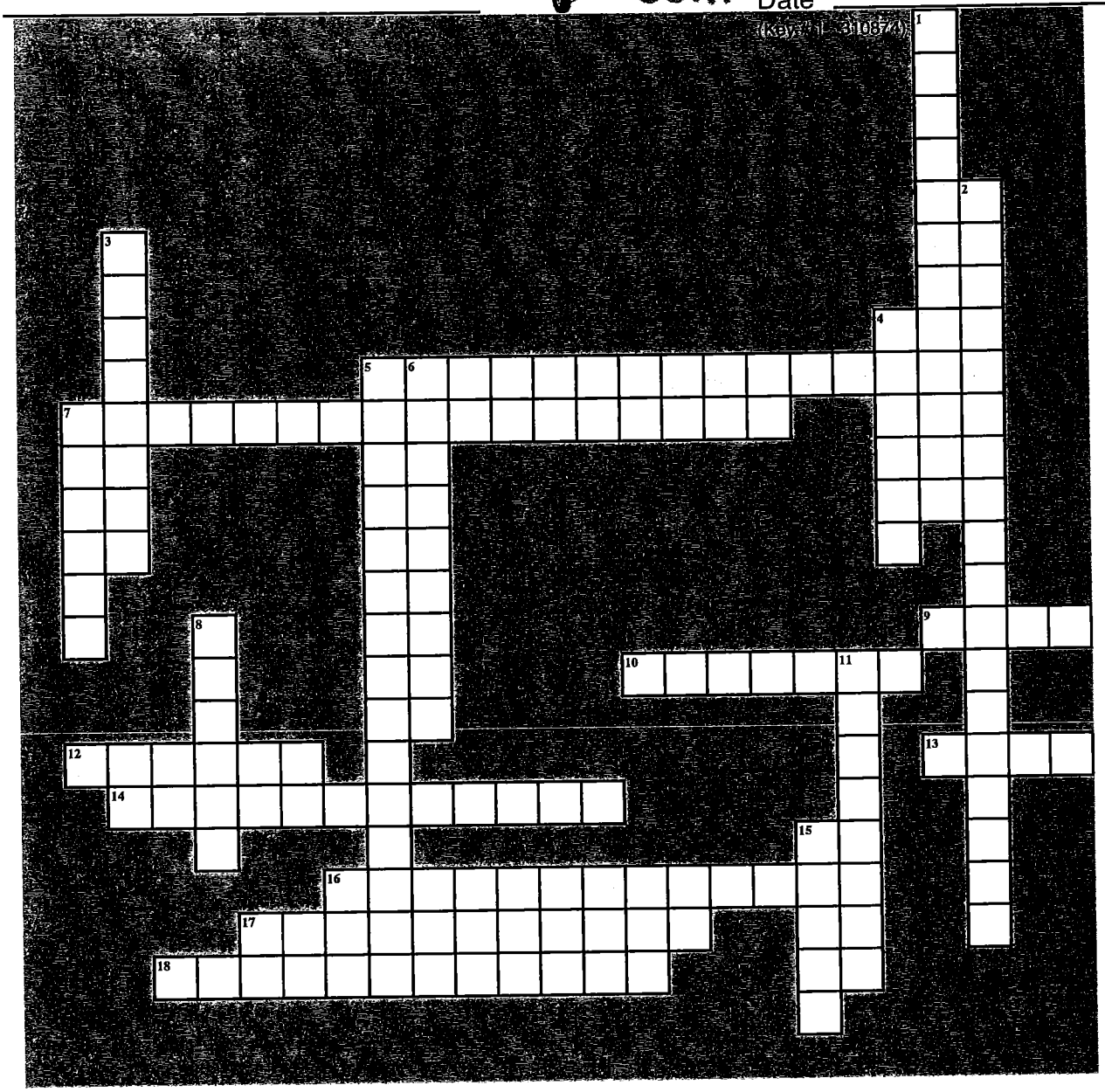
Chapter 5 Vocabulary Activity

Name:_____
Date:_____

Absolute Value	Ordered Pair
Area	Origin
Base	Prime Factorization
Composite Number	Prime Number
Coordinate Plane	Quadrant
Cubed	Squared
Exponent	X-Axis
Factor	X-Coordinate
Opposites	Y-Axis
Order of Operations	Y-Coordinate

1. A number greater than 1 with more than two factors. _____
2. The point of intersection of the X-axis and the Y-Axis in a coordinate plane. _____
3. A number multiplied by itself such as 4x4 or 4^2 _____
4. Numbers that are the same distance from zero in the opposite directions. _____
5. The number of square units needed to cover the surface of a geometric figure. _____
6. The distance a number is away from zero. _____
7. A number that divides into a whole number with a remainder of zero._____
8. A pair of numbers used to locate a point in the system. (X,Y)_____

Name _____ Date _____



Across

5 A plane in which a horizontal number line and a vertical number line intersect at their zero points (2 words)

7 The rules that tell which operation to perform first when more than one operation is used (3 words)

9 The number of square units needed to cover the surface of a geometric figure

10 A number multiplied by itself

12 The horizontal number line

13 In a power, the number used as a factor.

14 A whole number that has exactly two unique factors, 1 and the number itself (2 words)

16 The distance a number is away from zero (2 words)

17 A pair of numbers used to locate a point in the system. (2 words)

18 The first number of an ordered pair

Down

1 The second number of an ordered pair

2 A composite number expressed as a product of prime numbers (2 words)

Unit A Vocabulary
Chapter 5

Absolute Value	The distance a number is away from zero
Area	The number of square units needed to cover the surface of a geometric figure
Base	In a power, the number used as a factor. In 10^3, the base is 10. It means 10x10x10.
Composite Number	A number greater than 1 with more than two factors.
Coordinate Plane	A plane in which a horizontal number line and a vertical number line intersect at their zero points
Cubed	The product in which a number is a factor three times
Exponent	In a power, the number of times the base is used as a factor. In 5^3, the exponent is 3. It means 5x5x5 = 125
Factor	A number that divides into a whole number with a remainder of zero
Opposites	Numbers that are the same distance from zero in the opposite directions
Order of Operations	The rules that tell which operation to perform first when more than one operation is used
Ordered Pair	A pair of numbers used to locate a point in the system. The ordered pair are written in this form (X,Y)
Origin	The point of intersection of the x-axis and y-axis in a coordinate plane
Prime Factorization	A composite number expressed as a product of prime numbers